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vacancy in a timely manner. In the interim, the SHPO must ensure that appropriately qualified individuals address technical matters. A vacancy in a required position that persists for more than six months is cause for review, comment, and appropriate action by the Secretary.

- (f) Unless State law provides for a different method of appointment, the SHPO must appoint an adequate and qualified State historic preservation Review Board (Review Board).
- (1) All Review Board members must have demonstrated competence, interest, or knowledge in historic preservation. A majority of Review Board members must meet "the Secretary of the Interior's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" which are part of the larger "Secretary's Standards and Guidelines for Archeology and Historic Preservation." The members meeting "the Secretary's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" must include at a minimum, one individual meeting "the Secretary's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" for history, one individual meeting "the Secretary's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" for prehistoric archeology or historic archeology, and one individual meeting "the Secretary's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" for architectural history. One person may meet the Standards for more than one required discipline. The other Review Board members, if any, who comprise the majority that meets "the Secretary's (Historic Preservation) Professional Qualifications Standards" may represent, subject to the SHPO's selection, any of the disciplines that those "Standards" describe.
- (2) The Secretary will consider proposals from a SHPO for a minimum required Review Board composition that differs from the requirement that paragraph (f)(1) of this section specifies, if the proposal addresses better an appropriate balance of historic property, customer or constituent, and historic preservation needs in that State.
- (3) When a required Review Board position becomes vacant, the SHPO must fill the vacancy in a timely manner. In

the interim, the SHPO must ensure that the Review Board has access to advice from appropriately qualified individuals. A lapse of more than one year in filling the vacancy is cause for review, comment, and appropriate action by the Secretary.

- (4) The Review Board must meet as often as is necessary to complete its work in a timely fashion but no less often than once a year.
- (5) The Review Board must adopt written procedures governing its operations consistent with the provisions of this section and related guidance that the National Park Service issues.
- (6) Review Board responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (i) Providing advice to the SHPO on the full range of Historic Preservation Fund-supported activities, that section 101 (b)(3) of the Act describes;
- (ii) Reviewing and making recommendations on National Register nomination proposals;
- (iii) Participating in the review of appeals to National Register nominations; and
- (iv) Performing such other duties as may be appropriate.

§61.5 Grants to State programs.

- (a) Each State with an approved State program is eligible for grants-in-aid from the Historic Preservation Fund (HPF).
- (b) The National Park Service (NPS) will administer HPF matching grants-in-aid in accordance with the Act, OMB Circular A-133 and 43 CFR part 12, and related guidance that NPS issues. Failure by a State program to meet these requirements is cause for comment and appropriate action by the Secretary.

§ 61.6 Certified local government programs.

- (a) Each approved State program must provide a mechanism for certification (by the State Historic Preservation Officer and the Secretary) of local governments to carry out the purposes of the Act.
- (b) Each State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) must follow procedures that the Secretary approves for the certification of local governments.